

**Process Standards (Scientific Investigation and Reasoning Skills)**

- 1.1.A recognize and demonstrate safe practices as described in the Texas Safety Standards during classroom and outdoor investigations, including wearing safety goggles, washing hands, and using materials appropriately
- 1.1.B recognize the importance of safe practices to keep self and others safe and healthy
- 1.1.C identify and learn how to use natural resources and materials, including conservation and reuse or recycling of paper, plastic, and metals
- 1.2.A ask questions about organisms, objects, and events observed in the natural world
- 1.2.B plan and conduct simple descriptive investigations such as ways objects move
- 1.2.C collect data and make observations using simple equipment such as hand lenses, primary balances, and nonstandard measurement tools
- 1.2.D record and organize data using pictures, numbers, and words
- 1.2.E communicate observations and provide reasons for explanations using student-generated data from simple descriptive investigations
- 1.3.A identify and explain a problem such as finding a home for a classroom pet and propose a solution in his/her own words
- 1.3.B make predictions based on observable patterns
- 1.3.C describe what scientists do
- 1.4.A collect, record, and compare information using tools, including computers, hand lenses, primary balances, cups, bowls, magnets, collecting nets, notebooks, and safety goggles; timing devices, including clocks and timers; nonstandard measuring items such as paper clips and clothespins; weather instruments such as classroom demonstration thermometers and wind socks; and materials to support observations of habitats of organisms such as aquariums and terrariums
- 1.4.B measure and compare organisms and objects using non-standard units

| Rptg Cat                               | Readiness Standards  | Supporting Standards  |
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| <b>1</b><br>Matter and Energy          | 1.5(A)* classify objects by observable properties of the materials from which they are made such as larger and smaller, heavier and lighter, shape, color, and texture   | 1.5(B)* predict and identify changes in materials caused by heating and cooling such as ice melting, water freezing, and water evaporating  |
| <b>2</b><br>Force, Motion, and Energy  | 1.6(A)* identify and discuss how different forms of energy such as light, heat, and sound are important to everyday life   | 1.6(B)* predict and describe how a magnet can be used to push or pull an object<br>1.6(C) describe the change in the location of an object such as closer to, nearer to, and farther from<br>1.6(D) demonstrate and record the ways that objects can move such as in a straight line, zig zag, up and down, back and forth, round and round, and fast and slow  |
| <b>3</b><br>Earth and Space            | 1.7(A)* observe, compare, describe, and sort components of soil by size, texture, and color<br>1.8(A)* record weather information, including relative temperature, such as hot or cold, clear or cloudy, calm or windy, and rainy or icy<br>1.8(C) identify characteristics of the seasons of the year and day and night | 1.7(B) identify and describe a variety of natural sources of water, including streams, lakes, and oceans<br>1.7(C) gather evidence of how rocks, soil, and water help to make useful products<br>1.8(B)* observe and record changes in the appearance of objects in the sky such as clouds, the Moon, and stars, including the Sun<br>1.8(D) demonstrate that air is all around us and observe that wind is moving air  |
| <b>4</b><br>Organisms and Environments | 1.9(C)* gather evidence of interdependence among living organisms such as energy transfer through food chains and animals using plants for shelter<br>1.10(A)* investigate how the external characteristics of an animal are related to where it lives, how it moves, and what it eats                                   | 1.9(A) sort and classify living and nonliving things based upon whether or not they have basic needs and produce offspring<br>1.9(B) analyze and record examples of interdependence found in various situations such as terrariums and aquariums or pet and caregiver<br>1.10(B) identify and compare the parts of plants<br>1.10(C)* compare ways that young animals resemble their parents<br>1.10(D)* observe and record life cycles of animals such as a chicken, frog, or fish |

NOTE: The classification of standards on this TEKS Snapshot represents the reviewed and synthesized input of a sample of Texas Science teachers. This TEKS Snapshot DOES NOT represent a publication of the Texas Education Agency. District curriculum materials may reflect other classifications.